

Zadanie 1. (6 p.)

Przy każdym zdaniu (1-6) wpisz literę odpowiadającą właściwemu opisowi sportu (a-e). Jeden z opisów **pasuje do dwóch zdań.**

a. Hurling

Two teams of fifteen players hit a small ball with sticks, called hurleys. The aim is to score points by hitting the ball over the crossbar of the opponent's goal (one point) or into the goal (three points).

b. Sepak Takraw

Games of Sepak Takraw are played by two teams of three players who use their feet, knees, chest and head to get the ball over a net 1.5 m high. They score points if the opposing team cannot return the ball.

c. Softball

Softball is similar to its parent sport baseball. The main differences are the softball diamond is smaller, the pitcher throws the ball underarm, and the ball is larger and less dense than a normal baseball. There are ten players in a team.

d. Tug of war

This team sport is a test of physical strength. Two teams of eight competitors grip and pull a rope in opposite directions as they try to pull a central marker over the winning line.

e. Ultimate

In this non-contact sport two teams of seven players throw a flying disc around a playing area and aim to score points by getting a teammate to catch the disc in the opponents' end zone.

Na podstawie: DK, *Children's book of sport*, Dorling Kindersley Limited, 2011

1. ____ In this sport players use a flat round object.
2. ____ In this sport players don't throw or hit anything.
3. ____ This sport's team consists of the largest number of players.
4. ____ This sport's field is not as big as in a similar sport.
5. ____ Six players take part in a game of this sport.
6. ____ There are two ways of scoring points in this sport.

Zadanie 2. (6 p.)

Wpisz w luki (1-6) w tekście litery odpowiadające brakującym zdaniom (a-g). Jedno zdanie nie pasuje do żadnej luki.

Are habits good?

When you wash your hands, do you ever think how to get them wet, apply the soap, use it to clean your skin, and then rinse it off? **1.** ____ You automatically do it, because it's a habit. Habits are formed by repeated patterns of behaviour creating nerve networks in the brain. **2.** ____ For example, when you start brushing your teeth, the habit program takes over to complete the job. If something important becomes a habit, it helps ensure that you don't forget to do it. **3.** ____ They encourage you to do the things that you need to do. Unfortunately, it's very easy to pick up bad habits. **4.** ____ Sometimes this doesn't do them any harm, although it can be irritating. Sadly, there are bad habits which can be very damaging. People, for instance, become addicted to sugary foods. **5.** ____ They've let a bad habit develop, and bad habits once formed, can be very difficult to break. **6.** ____ It's better than being stuck with a bad habit.

Na podstawie: John Woodward, *How to be a Genius: Your Brain and How to Train It*, Dorling Kindersley Limited, 2011

- a. How often should you wash your hands?
- b. So habits are valuable because they make your life easier.
- c. These work like simple programs – once set, they keep an appliance running.
- d. A lot of people bite their fingernails while thinking about something else.
- e. The chances are that you probably don't.
- f. It's good to remember that in order to prevent them in time.
- g. If they keep eating them, they can get sick, but despite this, they just can't stop.

Zadanie 3. (6 p.)

Nad każdą z reakcji (1-6) wpisz literę odpowiadającą wypowiedzi, która zainicjowała tę reakcję (a-i). Trzy wypowiedzi nie pasują do żadnej reakcji.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. X: ____
Y: No, thanks. Jumping from a plane miles above the earth is too scary for me. | a. Do you have any luggage? |
| 2. X: ____
Y: I think my leg's broken. | b. Let's have a go at skydiving. |
| 3. X: ____
Y: If I were you, I'd travel by plane. It's the fastest. | c. How are your strips? |
| 4. X: ____
Y: Only this carry-on suitcase. | d. How do you feel about extreme sports? |
| 5. X: ____
Y: I think they put people at unnecessary risk. | e. What's the matter? |
| 6. X: ____
Y: Well, it was certainly worth seeing. The plot was interesting and the acting was superb. | f. What did you think of the play? |
| | g. What is the best way to travel to Turkey? |
| | h. Was it smallpox? |
| | i. Why don't we watch a film? |

Zadanie 4. (6 p.)

Uzupełnij każdą lukę **maksymalnie 4 wyrazami** w języku angielskim, tak aby wypowiedzi były spójne, poprawne logicznie, ortograficznie i gramatycznie.

1. *Customer:* Will you accept credit cards?

Shop assistant: I'm afraid not, you may _____ only.

2. *Guest:* Hi, I'd _____ now. Here's the key to my room.

Receptionist: Did you enjoy your stay?

3. *Patient:* I'd like to make _____ the doctor today.

GP assistant: Certainly, sir. Would 3 pm be suitable?

4. *Tourist:* Excuse me, _____ to the cathedral?

Passer-by: Go along this street and turn left at the first traffic lights.

5. *Viewer 1:* Do _____ I sit here?

Viewer 2: Sorry, I'm waiting for someone.

6. *Player:* Is it allowed to hold the ball?

Coach: No, you _____ touch the ball with your hands at all.

Zadanie 5. (5 p.)

Przetłumacz na język angielski fragmenty zdań podane w nawiasach, tak aby otrzymać zdania w pełni poprawne logicznie, ortograficznie i gramatycznie. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać **maksymalnie 4 wyrazy**.

1. Would it be more interesting (gdyby zremisowali) _____ the game?

2. (Jak miło ze strony) _____ the author to sign my copy of his novel.

3. I left the broken speakers last week. (Czy naprawiono je) _____ yet?

4. (Czy miałbym wystarczająco) _____ money to buy a new computer if I started saving now?

5. My luggage (nie widziano) _____ since my check-in in Ottawa.
I'm afraid I won't get my suitcases back.

Zadanie 6. (8 p.)

Spośród form podanych pod każdym ze zdań 1-8 wybierz tę, która poprawnie je uzupełnia. Zaznacz znakiem „X” odpowiedź A, B lub C.

1. Pull your chair ... to the table if you want to reach the dishes.
A. nearly enough B. nearer C. more nearly
2. I think I'll go to their wedding. They'd be offended if I ... go.
A. wouldn't B. don't C. didn't
3. All the tickets ... yet. There are still good seats available.
A. didn't sell B. haven't been sold C. have been sold
4. Stop fighting! You're siblings, you should help ... instead of only thinking of...!
A. each other ... yourselves B. yourselves ... each other C. yourselves ... one another
5. You ... for weeks now. Aren't you tired? I'm sure you know the role perfectly.
A. are rehearsing B. 've rehearsed C. 've been rehearsing
6. ... intriguing series! I thoroughly enjoyed each episode.
A. What B. What an C. How
7. Remember to visit us in twelve days after your operation. Your stitches ... then.
A. will be removed B. will remove C. remove
8. The stadium isn't ... to hold 6000 people. There can't be more than 4000 spectators.
A. too big B. enough big C. big enough

Zadanie 7. (5 p.)

W każdym ze zdań 1-5 jest błąd. Popraw go, przekreślając znakiem „X” niewłaściwy wyraz (np. ~~will~~) i wpisując w wyznaczone miejsce taki wyraz, który sprawi, że zdanie będzie w pełni poprawne logicznie, ortograficznie i gramatycznie, a jego sens nie ulegnie zmianie.

1. I've just helped me to the sandwiches. They're delicious. _____
2. Some people take their pet's health more serious than their own. _____
3. How generous people they are! _____
4. He doesn't usually jump so highly. _____
5. The plot is enough complicated for me. I can't follow it. _____

Zadanie 8. (6 p.)

Wpisz w wyznaczone miejsca litery odpowiadające wyrazom (a-l), które poprawnie uzupełniają poniższe zdania (1-6). Sześć wyrazów nie pasuje do żadnego zdania.

a. banner	b. carriage	c. change	d. complexion	e. carnation	f. physician
g. physicist	h. prescription	i. receipt	j. rest	k. wagon	l. transparent

1. A ____ is a piece of paper on which a doctor writes what medicine someone needs.
2. The front ____ of the train is for first-class passengers only.
3. A ____ is a medical doctor.
4. That's 40p ____.
5. A huge ____ over the street said 'Welcome home'.
6. A pale ____ needs sunscreen to prevent it from being burnt by the sun.

Zadanie 9. (6 p.)

Uzupełnij każdą lukę **maksymalnie 4 wyrazami** w języku angielskim, wykorzystując wytłuszczone słowo bez zmiany jego formy, tak aby przy zachowaniu sensu zdania wyjściowego otrzymać zdanie w pełni poprawne logicznie, ortograficznie i gramatycznie.

1. He is the most reliable player of the team. **more**
No one else in the team plays _____ than he does.
2. We won't clean your room if you don't leave your key at the reception. **be**
Your room _____ unless you leave your key at the reception.
3. I don't travel much because I don't have enough time. **if**
I would travel more _____ enough time.
4. I wrote to Julia, and she wrote to me almost every day. **other**
Julia and I wrote to _____ almost every day.
5. The doctor gave me such a careful examination that I was sure everything was fine. **so**
The doctor examined _____ that I was sure everything was fine.
6. They are shooting the film in Delhi at the moment. They started last week. **have**
They _____ the film in Delhi since last week.

Zadanie 10. (8 p.)

Uzupełnij brakujące litery w wyrazach, tak aby zdania były w pełni poprawne logicznie, ortograficznie i gramatycznie.

Last year I went on a (1) p__k__ holiday in Iceland. Everything was nicely arranged by a travel agency. The (2) a__m__i_n was just perfect – the hotel was located so well that we didn't have to drive too far. I spent the first day (3) s__h__g Reykjavik. I loved the permanent (4) _x__t__n at the National Museum of Iceland. It includes about 2,000 objects! The ski areas of Bláfjöll are only 25 minutes away from the city. They have great ski (5) s__p__ for skiing and snowboarding, so I tried them, too. While I was taking skiing lessons, I was accidentally hit by another skier and fell over. Fortunately, he wasn't going down at high speed, so I only got a few (6) b__i__s on my legs and arms. However, I felt dizzy afterwards, so I (7) c__s__d a doctor and decided to stay in bed in the evening. Thanks to that I felt perfect the next morning and was able to go shopping. Fortunately, I didn't have to (8) e__h__e currency in Reykjavik because credit cards were accepted everywhere.

Zadanie 11. (6 p.)

W każdym ze zdań 1-6 skreśl jeden wyraz z brytyjskiej odmiany języka angielskiego (np. *autumn*) i zastąp go wyrazem z amerykańskiej odmiany (np. *fall*), tak aby zdania były w pełni poprawne logicznie, ortograficznie i gramatycznie.

1. Has the post arrived yet? I'm expecting an important letter. _____
2. I got out of the car and opened the boot. _____
3. Take the stairs instead of the lift. It's healthier. _____
4. There was a long queue for tickets. _____
5. I'd like some crisps. _____
6. Take the underground. It's faster than the bus. _____

Zadanie 12. (6 p.)

Uzupełnij zdania (1-6) o brakujące informacje, wpisując w każdą lukę **jeden wyraz** w języku angielskim, tak aby zdania były w pełni poprawne logicznie, ortograficznie i gramatycznie.

1. Golf originally comes from _____.
2. The World Series is the game played every year between the top _____ teams in North America.
3. The _____ Cup is the championship trophy awarded annually to the best NHL team.
4. Football is the most popular sport in England, but it is _____ that is regarded as its national sport.
5. The biggest stadium in the UK is _____ Stadium. It is also the most famous as the home to England's national football team.
6. The town of _____ in the south of England becomes the centre of horse racing in June.

Zadanie 13. (6 p.)

Do każdego zdania (1-6) dobierz właściwe dokończenie, wpisując odpowiednią literę (a-i). Trzy dokończenia nie pasują do żadnego zdania.

- a. is Shakespeare's home town.
- b. is the most iconic bridge in London.
- c. is a remarkable rock formation of basalt columns in Northern Ireland.
- d. is a famous intersection in Manhattan.
- e. is a bridge in San Francisco, California.
- f. is the main royal home.
- g. is the home to the UK parliament.
- h. is the most famous British motorway.
- i. is a large-scale sculpture of four US presidents.

1. The Tower Bridge _____
2. Mount Rushmore National Memorial _____
3. Stratford-upon-Avon _____
4. The Palace of Westminster _____
5. The Giant's Causeway _____
6. Times Square _____

Brudnopis (nie jest oceniany)
